

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

294(E) CSD (Aerosol)

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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

294(E) CSD (Aerosol)

UFI: EUDN-HNWD-P0HN-Y7UW

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Uses advised against

No information available.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Chesterton International GmbH

Street: Am Lenzenfleck 23

Place: D-85737 Ismaning GERMANY

Telephone: +49 89 99 65 46 - 0 Telefax: +49 89 99 65 46 - 50

e-mail: eu-sds@chesterton.com
e-mail (Contact person): eu-sds@chesterton.com
Internet: www.chesterton.com
Responsible Department: eu-sds@chesterton.com

**1.4. Emergency telephone** +49(0) 551 - 1 92 40 (GIZ-Nord, 24h)

number:

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Aerosol 1; H222-H229 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H336 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

### 2.2. Label elements

### Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Hazard components for labelling

 $Hydrocarbons, \ C6-C7, \ n-alkanes, \ isoalkanes, \ cyclics, < 5\% \ n-hexane$ 

acetone

(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:









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#### **Hazard statements**

| H222 | Extremely flammable aerosol.                    |
|------|---|
| H229 | Pressurised container: May burst if heated.     |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation.                         |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction.            |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation.                  |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.              |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects |

### Pre

| H411                | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.   |
|---------------------|--|
| ecautionary stateme | nts  |
| P210                | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.                                   |
| P211                | Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.  |
| P251                | Do not pierce or burn, even after use.   |
| P260                | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.   |
| P280                | Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.  |
| P312                | Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.  |
| P302+P352           | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  |
| P305+P351+P338      | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
|                     |  |

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. P410+P412

# 2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

# 3.2. Mixtures



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### **Hazardous components**

| CAS No    | Chemical name  | Quantity                        |                                  |          |  |  |  |
|-----------|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|
|           | EC No  | Index No                        | REACH No                         |          |  |  |  |
|           | Classification (Regulation (EC   | ;) No 1272/2008)                | •                                |          |  |  |  |
|           | Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alka  | nes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n | -hexane                          | 50-100 % |  |  |  |
|           | 921-024-6  |                                 | 01-2119475514-35                 |          |  |  |  |
|           | Flam. Liq. 2, Skin Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Chronic 2; H225 H315 H336 H304 H411 |                                 |                                  |          |  |  |  |
| 67-64-1   | acetone  | 15-25 %                         |                                  |          |  |  |  |
|           | 200-662-2  | 606-001-00-8                    | 01-2119471330-49                 |          |  |  |  |
|           | Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STO  |                                 |                                  |          |  |  |  |
| 124-38-9  | Carbon dioxide   | 2,5-10 %                        |                                  |          |  |  |  |
|           | 204-696-9  |                                 |                                  |          |  |  |  |
|           | Compressed gas; H280   |                                 |                                  |          |  |  |  |
| 5989-27-5 | (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-lim  | 2,5-10 %                        |                                  |          |  |  |  |
|           | 227-813-5  | 601-029-00-7                    | 01-2119529223-47                 |          |  |  |  |
|           | Flam. Liq. 3, Skin Irrit. 2, Skin<br>H315 H317 H304 H400 H410                                    |                                 | Acute 1, Aquatic Chronic 1; H226 |          |  |  |  |
| 67-63-0   | propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol   | 2,5-10 %                        |                                  |          |  |  |  |
|           | 200-661-7  | 603-117-00-0                    | 01-2119457558-25                 |          |  |  |  |
|           | Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STO  |                                 |                                  |          |  |  |  |

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

# Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

| CAS No    | EC No   | Chemical name  | Quantity |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|---|--|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
|           | Specific Conc.  | Limits, M-factors and ATE  |          |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | 921-024-6   | Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane                          | 50-100 % |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | inhalation: LC50 = > 25,2 mg/l (vapours); dermal: LD50 = > 2800 - 3100 mg/kg                    |  |          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 67-64-1   | 200-662-2   | acetone  | 15-25 %  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | inhalation: LC  | inhalation: LC50 = 76 mg/l (vapours); dermal: LD50 = > 7426 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 5800 mg/kg |          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5989-27-5 | 227-813-5   | (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene   | 2,5-10 % |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | dermal: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 2000 mg/kg M acute; H400: M=1 M chron.; H410: M=1   |  |          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 67-63-0   | 200-661-7   | propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol  | 2,5-10 % |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | inhalation: LC50 = 30 mg/l (vapours); dermal: LD50 = 12800-13400 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 5045 mg/kg |  |          |  |  |  |  |  |

# Labelling for contents according to Regulation (EC) No 648/2004

>= 30 % aliphatic hydrocarbons, preservation agents, perfumes (Limonene).

# **Further Information**

No information available.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures



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#### **General information**

Change contaminated, saturated clothing. In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

#### After inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Call a doctor.

#### After contact with skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

#### After contact with eyes

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

#### After ingestion

If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Let 1 glass of water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect). Immediately call a doctor.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

- alcohol resistant foam
- Water spray jet
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry extinguishing powder

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Full water jet

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

In case of fire may be liberated:

- Carbon monoxide
- Carbon dioxide
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters Protective clothing.

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**



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# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### General advice

Provide adequate ventilation. Safe handling: see section 7

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Cover drains.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### For containment

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

# 6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Disposal: see section 13

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

### Advice on safe handling

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Work in well-ventilated zones or use proper respiratory protection. Only wear fitting, comfortable and clean protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary.

### Further information on handling

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

# Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

#### Hints on joint storage

Keep away from:

- Food and feedingstuffs

### Further information on storage conditions

Keep away from:

- Frost
- Heat
- Humidity

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.



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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

# Occupational exposure limits

| CAS No   | Substance      | ppm   | mg/m³ | fib/cm³ | Category      | Origin |
|----------|----------------|-------|-------|---------|---------------|--------|
| 67-64-1  | Acetone        | 500   | 1210  |         | TWA (8 h)     |        |
| 124-38-9 | Carbon dioxide | 5000  | 9000  |         | TWA (8 h)     |        |
|          |                | 15000 | 27000 |         | STEL (15 min) |        |
| 67-63-0  | Propan-2-ol    | 200   | -     |         | TWA (8 h)     |        |
|          |                | 400   | -     |         | STEL (15 min) |        |

# **Biological limit values**

| CAS No  | Substance  | Parameter | Value   | Test material | Sampling time                      |
|---------|------------|-----------|---------|---------------|------------------------------------|
| 67-64-1 | Acetone    | Acetone   | 50 mg/L | Urine         | End of shift                       |
| 67-63-0 | 2-Propanol | Acetone   | 40 mg/L |               | End of shift at<br>end of workweek |



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# **DNEL/DMEL values**

| CAS No                   | Substance  |                |          |                  |
|--------------------------|--|----------------|----------|------------------|
| DNEL type                |  | Exposure route | Effect   | Value            |
|                          | Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < | 5% n-hexane    |          |                  |
| Worker DNEL,             | long-term  | inhalation     | systemic | 2035 mg/m³       |
| Worker DNEL,             | long-term  | dermal         | systemic | 773 mg/kg bw/day |
| Consumer DN              | EL, long-term  | inhalation     | systemic | 608 mg/m³        |
| Consumer DN              | EL, long-term  | dermal         | systemic | 699 mg/kg bw/day |
| Consumer DN              | EL, long-term  | oral           | systemic | 699 mg/kg bw/day |
| 67-64-1                  | acetone  |                |          |                  |
| Worker DNEL,             | long-term  | inhalation     | systemic | 1210 mg/m³       |
| Worker DNEL,             | acute  | inhalation     | local    | 2420 mg/m³       |
| Worker DNEL,             | long-term  | dermal         | systemic | 186 mg/kg bw/day |
| Consumer DN              | EL, long-term  | inhalation     | systemic | 200 mg/m³        |
| Consumer DN              | EL, long-term  | dermal         | systemic | 62 mg/kg bw/day  |
| Consumer DN              | EL, long-term  | oral           | systemic | 62 mg/kg bw/day  |
| 5989-27-5                | (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene                     |                |          |                  |
| Worker DNEL,             | long-term  | inhalation     | systemic | 66,7 mg/m³       |
| Worker DNEL,             | long-term  | dermal         | systemic | 9,5 mg/kg bw/day |
| Consumer DN              | EL, long-term  | inhalation     | systemic | 16,6 mg/m³       |
| Consumer DN              | EL, long-term  | dermal         | systemic | 4,8 mg/kg bw/day |
| Consumer DN              | EL, long-term  | oral           | systemic | 4,8 mg/kg bw/day |
| 67-63-0                  | propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol            |                |          |                  |
| Worker DNEL,             | acute  | inhalation     | systemic | 1000 mg/m³       |
| Consumer DN              | EL, acute  | inhalation     | systemic | 178 mg/m³        |
| Consumer DNEL, acute     |  | oral           | systemic | 51 mg/kg bw/day  |
| Worker DNEL,             | long-term  | inhalation     | systemic | 500 mg/m³        |
| Worker DNEL, long-term   |  | dermal         | systemic | 888 mg/kg bw/day |
| Consumer DNEL, long-term |  | inhalation     | systemic | 89 mg/m³         |
| Consumer DN              | EL, long-term  | dermal         | systemic | 319 mg/kg bw/day |
| Consumer DN              | EL, long-term  | oral           | systemic | 26 mg/kg bw/day  |



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#### **PNEC values**

| CAS No              | Substance                                   |             |  |  |  |
|---------------------|---|-------------|--|--|--|
| Environmenta        | al compartment                              | Value       |  |  |  |
| 67-64-1             | acetone                                     |             |  |  |  |
| Freshwater          |   | 10,6 mg/l   |  |  |  |
| Freshwater (i       | reshwater (intermittent releases)           |             |  |  |  |
| Marine water        |   | 1,06 mg/l   |  |  |  |
| Freshwater se       | ediment                                     | 30,4 mg/kg  |  |  |  |
| Marine sedim        | ent   | 3,04 mg/kg  |  |  |  |
| Micro-organis       | sms in sewage treatment plants (STP)        | 100 mg/l    |  |  |  |
| Soil                | Soil :                                      |             |  |  |  |
| 5989-27-5           | (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene          |             |  |  |  |
| Freshwater          |   | 0,014 mg/l  |  |  |  |
| Marine water        | 0,0014 mg/l                                 |             |  |  |  |
| Freshwater se       | ediment                                     | 3,85 mg/kg  |  |  |  |
| Marine sedim        | ent   | 0,385 mg/kg |  |  |  |
| Secondary po        | pisoning                                    | 133 mg/kg   |  |  |  |
| Micro-organis       | sms in sewage treatment plants (STP)        | 1,8 mg/l    |  |  |  |
| Soil                |   | 0,763 mg/kg |  |  |  |
| 67-63-0             | propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol |             |  |  |  |
| Freshwater          |   | 140,9 mg/l  |  |  |  |
| Freshwater (i       | ntermittent releases)                       | 140,9 mg/l  |  |  |  |
| Marine water        |   | 140,9 mg/l  |  |  |  |
| Freshwater sediment |   |             |  |  |  |
| Marine sedim        | 552 mg/kg                                   |             |  |  |  |
| Secondary poisoning |   |             |  |  |  |
| Micro-organis       | sms in sewage treatment plants (STP)        | 2251 mg/l   |  |  |  |
| Soil                |   | 28 mg/kg    |  |  |  |

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

## Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

# Eye/face protection

Suitable eye protection: Eye glasses with side protection goggles

### **Hand protection**

Tested protective gloves must be worn: EN ISO 374

NBR (Nitrile rubber),

Wearing time with permanent contact: Thickness of the glove material: >= 0,4 mm, Breakthrough time: >480



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min

Wearing time with occasional contact (splashes): Thickness of the glove material: >= 0,1 mm, Breakthrough

time: > 30 min

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Breakthrough times and swelling properties of the material must be taken into consideration.

### Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

If technical exhaust or ventilation measures are not possible or insufficient, respiratory protection must be worn.

Filtering device (full mask or mouthpiece) with filter: AX

#### Thermal hazards

No data available

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid
Colour: colourless
Odour: like: Lemon

Test method

#### Changes in the physical state

Melting point/freezing point:

No data available

Boiling point or initial boiling point and

56 °C

boiling range:

Sublimation point:

Softening point:

No data available

No data available

Pour point:

No data available

No data available

No data available

Flash point:

- 18 °C

Flammability

Solid/liquid: No data available
Gas: No data available

**Explosive properties** 

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

Lower explosion limits: 1,1 vol. %
Upper explosion limits: 7 vol. %
Auto-ignition temperature: 222 °C

Self-ignition temperature

Solid: No data available
Gas: No data available
Decomposition temperature: No data available



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pH-Value: not applicable
Viscosity / dynamic: No data available
Water solubility: practically insoluble

Solubility in other solvents

No information available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:

Vapour pressure:

No data available

No data available

(at 20 °C)

Density (at 20 °C): 0,71 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Relative vapour density: >1 (air = 1)

#### 9.2. Other information

#### Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Oxidizing properties

No information available.

# Other safety characteristics

Solvent content: 100 Vol%

Evaporation rate: <1 (Ether = 1)

**Further Information** 

No information available.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

The substance is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

This material is considered to be non-reactive under normal use conditions.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

This material is combustible and can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g. static electricity, pilot lights, or mechanical/electrical equipment).

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

No information available.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Carbon monoxide

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### **Acute toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.



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| CAS No    | Chemical name   |                    |              |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|---|--------------------|--------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|           | Exposure route  | Dose               |              | Species | Source   | Method                                   |  |  |  |  |
|           | Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane |                    |              |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | dermal  | LD50<br>3100 mg/kg | > 2800 -     | Rat     | Study report (1977)                            | The acute toxicity of SBP 100/140 was de |  |  |  |  |
|           | inhalation (4 h) vapour   | LC50<br>mg/l       | > 25,2       | Rat     | Study report (1988)                            | Group of rats were exposed to test subst |  |  |  |  |
| 67-64-1   | acetone   |                    |              |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | oral  | LD50<br>mg/kg      | 5800         | Rat     | J Toxicol Environ<br>Health 15: 609-621<br>(19 | Undiluted acetone applied to female rats |  |  |  |  |
|           | dermal  | LD50<br>mg/kg      | > 7426       | Rabbit  | Toxicol Appl<br>Pharmacol 7:<br>559-565. (1965 | other: Code of federal regulations: 21 C |  |  |  |  |
|           | inhalation (4 h) vapour   | LC50               | 76 mg/l      | Rat     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5989-27-5 | (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene                                |                    |              |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | oral  | LD50<br>mg/kg      | > 2000       | Rat     | Study report (2010)                            | OECD Guideline 423                       |  |  |  |  |
|           | dermal  | LD50<br>mg/kg      | > 5000       |         | REACh Registration<br>Dossier                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 67-63-0   | propan-2-ol; isopropyl al   | cohol; isoprop     | oanol        |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | oral  | LD50<br>mg/kg      | 5045         | Rat     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | dermal  | LD50<br>13400 mg/k | 12800-<br>(g | Rabbit  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | inhalation (4 h) vapour   | LC50               | 30 mg/l      | Rat     |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### Irritation and corrosivity

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

### Sensitising effects

May cause an allergic skin reaction. ((R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene)

# Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane)

#### STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

No data available

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**



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12.1. Toxicity



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| CAS No    | Chemical name                      |                |              |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|           | Aquatic toxicity                   | Dose           |              | [h]   [d] | Species  | Source   | Method                                   |  |  |  |
|           | Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-a           | alkanes, iso   | alkanes, cyc | lics, <5% | n-hexane   |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | Acute algae toxicity               | ErC50<br>mg/l  | 10 - 30      | 72 h      | Raphidocelis<br>subcapitata                        | Study report<br>(1995)                         | OECD Guideline<br>201                    |  |  |  |
|           | Fish toxicity                      | NOEC<br>mg/l   | 2,045        | 28 d      | Oncorhynchus mykiss                                | CONCAWE,<br>Brussels, Belgium<br>(2010)        | The aquatic toxicity was estimated by a  |  |  |  |
|           | Crustacea toxicity                 | NOEC           | 1 mg/l       | 21 d      | Daphnia magna                                      | SIDS Initial<br>Assessment<br>Report For SIAM  | OECD Guideline<br>211                    |  |  |  |
| 67-64-1   | acetone                            |                |              |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | Acute fish toxicity                | LC50<br>mg/l   | 8120         | 96 h      | Pimephales promelas                                | Publication (1984)                             | OECD Guideline<br>203                    |  |  |  |
|           | Acute crustacea toxicity           | EC50<br>mg/l   | 8800         | 48 h      | Daphnia pulex                                      | Publication (1978)                             | The toxicity of acetone towards daphnids |  |  |  |
|           | Crustacea toxicity                 | NOEC<br>mg/l   | 2212         | 28 d      | Daphnia magna                                      | Arch Environm<br>Contam Toxicol<br>12: 305-310 | Study conducted comparable to OECD 211 w |  |  |  |
|           | Acute bacteria toxicity            | (EC50<br>mg/l) | 61150        | 0,5 h     | activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewag | Water Res 26:<br>887-892 (1992)                | ISO 8192                                 |  |  |  |
| 5989-27-5 | (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene |                |              |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | Acute fish toxicity                | LC50<br>mg/l   | 0,72         | 96 h      | Pimephales promelas                                | REACh<br>Registration<br>Dossier               | OECD Guideline<br>203                    |  |  |  |
|           | Acute algae toxicity               | ErC50<br>mg/l  | 0,32         | 72 h      | Pseudokirchneriella<br>subcapitata                 | REACh<br>Registration<br>Dossier               | OECD Guideline<br>201                    |  |  |  |
|           | Acute crustacea toxicity           | EC50<br>mg/l   | 0,307        | 48 h      | Daphnia magna                                      | Study report<br>(2013)                         | OECD Guideline<br>202                    |  |  |  |
|           | Fish toxicity                      | NOEC<br>mg/l   | 0,37         | 8 d       | Pimephales promelas                                | REACh<br>Registration<br>Dossier               | OECD Guideline<br>212                    |  |  |  |
|           | Crustacea toxicity                 | NOEC<br>mg/l   | 0,08         | 21 d      | Daphnia magna                                      | REACh<br>Registration<br>Dossier               | OECD Guideline<br>211                    |  |  |  |
|           | Acute bacteria toxicity            | (EC50<br>mg/l) | 209          | 3 h       |  | REACh<br>Registration<br>Dossier               |  |  |  |  |
| 67-63-0   | propan-2-ol; isopropyl alc         | ohol; isopro   | panol        |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | Acute fish toxicity                | LC50<br>mg/l   | 10000        | 96 h      | Pimephales promelas                                | REACh<br>Registration<br>Dossier               | OECD Guideline<br>203                    |  |  |  |
|           | Acute algae toxicity               | ErC50<br>mg/l  | >100         | 72 h      | Desmodesmus<br>subspicatus                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | Acute crustacea toxicity           | EC50<br>mg/l   | 13299        |           | Daphnia magna (Big<br>water flea)                  |  |  |  |  |  |



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|  | , | NOEC<br>mg/l | > 1000 | 28 d |    | Registration | other: REACH<br>Guidance on<br>QSARs R.6 |
|--|---|--------------|--------|------|----|--------------|--|
|  | , | NOEC<br>mg/l | > 1000 | 21 d | pg | Registration | other: REACH<br>Guidance on<br>QSARs R.6 |

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No information available.

| CAS No    | Chemical name                               |       |    |        |  |  |  |
|-----------|---|-------|----|--------|--|--|--|
|           | Method                                      | Value | d  | Source |  |  |  |
|           | Evaluation                                  |       |    |        |  |  |  |
| 5989-27-5 | (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene          |       |    |        |  |  |  |
|           |   | 74,1% | 28 |        |  |  |  |
| 67-63-0   | propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol |       |    |        |  |  |  |
|           | OECD 301E                                   | 95%   | 21 |        |  |  |  |

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

### Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

| CAS No    | Chemical name                               | Log Pow |
|-----------|---|---------|
| 67-64-1   | acetone                                     | -0,23   |
| 5989-27-5 | (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene          | 4,38    |
| 67-63-0   | propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol | 0,05    |

# BCF

| CAS No    | Chemical name                               | BCF   | Species | Source               |
|-----------|---|-------|---------|----------------------|
| 67-64-1   | acetone                                     | 3     |         | Unpublished calculat |
| 5989-27-5 | (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene          | 864,8 | no data | REACh Registration D |
| 67-63-0   | propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol | 0,994 |         | Meylan,WM, Howard,PH |

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

No information available.

# 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods



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#### **Disposal recommendations**

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

# Contaminated packaging

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Packing which cannot be properly cleaned must be disposed of. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### Land transport (ADR/RID)

**14.1. UN number or ID number:** UN 1950 **14.2. UN proper shipping name:** AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):214.4. Packing group:-Hazard label:2.1Classification code:5F

Special Provisions: 190 327 344 625

Limited quantity: 1 L
Excepted quantity: E0
Transport category: 2
Tunnel restriction code: D

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number:UN 195014.2. UN proper shipping name:AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):214.4. Packing group:-Hazard label:2.1Classification code:5F

Special Provisions: 190 327 344 625

Limited quantity: 1 L
Excepted quantity: E0

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:UN 195014.2. UN proper shipping name:AEROSOLS

 14.3. Transport hazard class(es):
 2.1

 14.4. Packing group:

 Hazard label:
 2.1+8

Special Provisions: 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959

Limited quantity: 1000 mL Excepted quantity: E0 F-D, S-U

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):2.114.4. Packing group:-Hazard label:2.1

Special Provisions: A145 A167 A802



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Limited quantity Passenger: 30 kg G
Passenger LQ: Y203
Excepted quantity: E0

IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:203IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:75 kgIATA-packing instructions - Cargo:203IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:150 kg

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: Yes

Danger releasing substance: naphta

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

No information available.

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No information available.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **EU** regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3, Entry 40

#### **National regulatory information**

Water hazard class (D): 2 - obviously hazardous to water

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

acetone

Carbon dioxide

(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene

propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 2,4,5,6,7,8,9,11,12,13,14,15,16.

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route

(European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

RID:Règlement international conernat le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer

(Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Refulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)



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GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

CLP: Regulation on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures,

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

EC50: Effectice concentration, 50 percent

**DNEL: Derived No Effect Level** 

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

### Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

| Classification          | Classification procedure |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Aerosol 1; H222-H229    | On basis of test data    |
| Skin Irrit. 2; H315     | Calculation method       |
| Eye Irrit. 2; H319      | Calculation method       |
| Skin Sens. 1; H317      | Calculation method       |
| STOT SE 3; H336         | Calculation method       |
| Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 | Calculation method       |

#### Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

| H222   | Extremely flammable aerosol.                          |
|--------|---|
| H225   | Highly flammable liquid and vapour.                   |
| H226   | Flammable liquid and vapour.                          |
| H229   | Pressurised container: May burst if heated.           |
| H280   | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.   |
| H304   | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.         |
| H315   | Causes skin irritation.                               |
| H317   | May cause an allergic skin reaction.                  |
| H319   | Causes serious eye irritation.                        |
| H336   | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                    |
| H400   | Very toxic to aquatic life.                           |
| H410   | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H411   | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.      |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
|        |   |

#### **Further Information**

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)